

THE MEDIEVAL PAST

ERASMUS



What monuments represent our medieval past?



The Royal Alcazar

The origin of this monument date back to the 11 th century, when the Muslim authorities decided to build a fortress in a strategic area of Seville to guarantee its safety. Protected by a wall, the Alcázar enclosure is made up of various palaces and gardens designed in different historical periods.

The architecture of the Alcázar of Seville offers a great aesthetic variety, bringing together elements of Muslim, Gothic, Renaissance, Baroque and Romantic art. Nowadays, the upper floors of the Alcazar are the Spanish Royal family's Seville residence, making it Europe's oldest continually used Royal Palace.



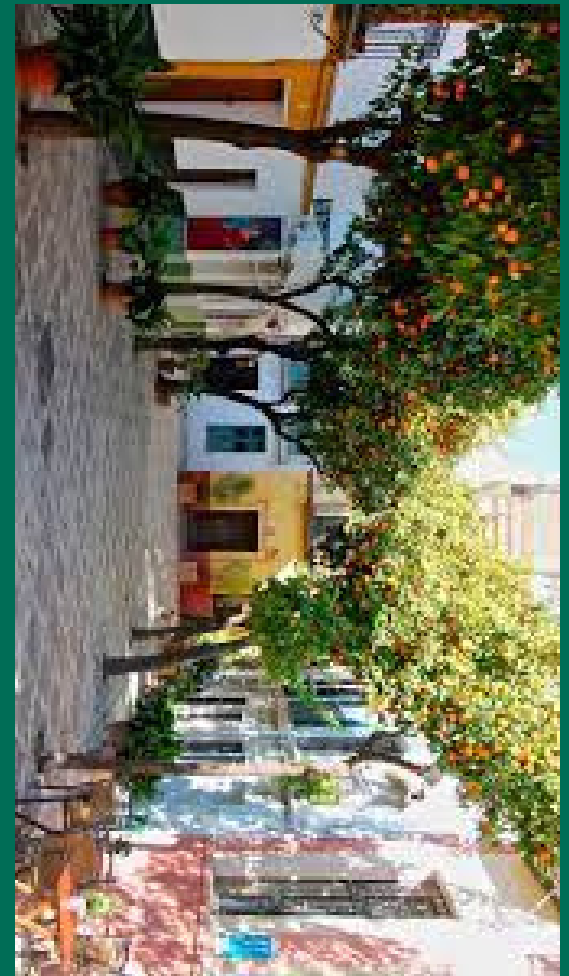
Cathedral

At this place where is now the cathedral was in 12th century Almohodove mosque. Catholic changed a look of the building to look more catholic. In this monument we find the tomb of Cristobal Colon, his son and his brother.



Barrio de Santa Cruz

In Santa Cruz de Jewish population of seville was confined when Ferdinand III took the city in 1248. When Spain freed itself from the Arab yoke, the king took the Jewish quarter under his protection, but in the 14th century, the Christians who conquered the quarter made of all the synagogues of the Church. In 1492, the Jews were expelled from Spain. The area fell into a bad state in the following centuries, until it was restored in the 20th century



Conclusion

